

## Exercises for 'Topics in complex analysis'

(24/09/2025)

### H 3.1 (A convergence criterion)

Let  $D \subset \mathbb{C}$  be a domain and let  $f_n : D \rightarrow \mathbb{C}$  be a sequence of holomorphic functions that is locally uniformly bounded. Assume that there exists  $z_0 \in D$  such that for each  $k \in \mathbb{N} \cup \{0\}$  the limit

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow +\infty} f_n^{(k)}(z_0)$$

exists. Show that the whole sequence  $f_n$  converges locally uniformly to some  $f : D \rightarrow \mathbb{C}$ .

### H 3.2 (From the exam in 2019)

Denote by  $B_1(0) \subset \mathbb{C}$  the open unit disc. Define the family of functions

$$\mathcal{F} = \left\{ f : B_1(0) \rightarrow \mathbb{C}, f \text{ holomorphic}, f(z) = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} a_k z^k, \quad |a_k| \leq 1 \quad \forall k \in \mathbb{N} \cup \{0\} \right\}.$$

Let  $\{f_n\}_{n \in \mathbb{N}} \subset \mathcal{F}$  be a sequence. Show that some subsequence of  $f_n$  converges locally uniformly to a function  $f \in \mathcal{F}$ .

**Remark:** The representation  $f(z) = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} a_k z^k$  holds for any holomorphic function  $f : B_1(0) \rightarrow \mathbb{C}$ .

### H 3.3 (An extremal problem in the proof of the Riemann mapping theorem)

Let  $D \subsetneq \mathbb{C}$  be a simply connected domain such that  $0 \in D$ . Show that there exists a holomorphic function  $f : D \rightarrow \mathbb{C}$  that solves the extremal problem

$$s_0 = \sup\{|f'(0)| : \text{the function } f : D \rightarrow B_1(0) \text{ is holomorphic and injective with } f(0) = 0\}.$$

**Hint:** Consider a sequence of admissible functions  $f_n : D \rightarrow B_1(0)$  such that  $|f_n'(0)| \rightarrow s_0$ . You may assume without proof that there exists at least one admissible function for the above optimization problem. Indeed, we will prove that later based on the fact that  $D$  is simply connected.

### H 3.4 (Local normal vs local uniform convergence of series)

Let  $f_j : U \rightarrow \mathbb{C}$  be a sequence of complex-valued functions. The series  $\sum_{j=1}^{\infty} f_j$  is called locally normally convergent if for each  $z_0 \in U$  there exists  $r > 0$  such that

$$\sum_{j=1}^{\infty} \sup_{z \in B_r(z_0)} |f_j(z)| < +\infty.$$

a) Show that if  $\sum_{j=1}^{\infty} f_j$  is locally normally convergent then the sequence  $g_n := \sum_{j=1}^n f_j$  is locally uniformly convergent.

b) Give an example of (not necessarily holomorphic) functions  $f_j : \mathbb{C} \rightarrow \mathbb{C}$  which shows that the converse is in general false.